1 The Honorable Robert J. Bryan 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 10 STATE OF WASHINGTON, CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:17-cv-05806-RJB 11 Plaintiff, DECLARATION OF LEZLIE A. 12 v. PERRIN IN SUPPORT OF STATE OF WASHINGTON'S RESPONSE THE GEO GROUP, INC., 13 TO THE COURT'S PROPOSED ORDER GRANTING SUMMARY 14 Defendant. JUDGMENT OF DISMISSAL (ECF NO. 306) 15 16 Under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America, I, Lezlie A. 17 Perrin, certify that the below is true and correct: 18 1. My name is Lezlie A. Perrin. I am over the age of 18 and competent to testify in 19 this matter. 20 2. I am the Senior Program Manager of DOSH Appeals, Audit, Discrimination, and 21 Internal Training for the Washington Department of Labor & Industries. I have served in this 22 position since 2010. My job duties include ensuring the resolution of all contested cases for 23 DOSH. 24 3. The Department of Labor & Industries' Division of Occupational Safety & 25 Health (DOSH) regulates all companies doing business in Washington State. Companies doing 26

- business in Washington must comply with our state's general health and safety laws, Washington's Industrial Safety and Health Act (WISHA). DOSH investigates workplace safety complaints when made against companies regardless of whether the company contracts with state or federal governments.
- 4. For example, DOSH investigates workplace safety complaints against private contractors or vendors that provide security services and other work at federal buildings such as the federal courthouse in Tacoma, as well as logging companies that perform logging operations in national forests under contract with the federal government. L&I's Board of Industrial Appeals, in fact, specifically affirmed L&I's jurisdiction over a private contractor providing court security services at the federal courthouse in Tacoma, reasoning that L&I "is not attempting to dictate, amend, review or obstruct the ability of either [the federal government] or [the private contractor] to fulfill [its] purpose [of protecting the people and property within a federal courthouse] and "there is a paucity of evidence showing that [federal oversight] extended to include the safety and health of the [security officers] within their workplaces at the federal courthouse." A copy of that decision is attached here as Exhibit A.
- 5. DOSH's practices with respect to state owned facilities and contractors are no different. For example, DOSH has historically treated inmates who participate in work programs as "employees" under the WISHA, and investigates workplace safety complaints in state correctional facilities. DOSH has issued citations to the Washington State Department of Corrections relating to inmate exposure to asbestos and the use of inmates to fight wildfires. DOSH has also investigated safety and health complaints by prison guards. Likewise, DOSH has jurisdiction to inspect DOC work-release facilities run with the assistance of private contractors.
- 6. In contrast, the federal government itself is not subject to WISHA. DOSH does not have jurisdiction to investigate workplace safety complaints filed against the federal government on property that it owns and operates itself.

- 7. I am aware, for example, that the United States Bureau of Prisons owns and operates the SeaTac Federal Detention Center, a federal prison located at 2425 South 200th Street in Seattle, Washington. DOSH does not inspect or investigate workplace safety complaints filed against the SeaTac Federal Detention Center.
- 8. If companies that contract with the federal government to provide immigration-related services were deemed to be exempt from generally applicable state laws, that would exempt The GEO Group, Inc., from complying with our state health and safety laws at the Northwest Detention Center located at 1623 East J Street in Tacoma, Washington. Such a ruling would reverse the longstanding practice of the Department, which has investigated and helped resolve workplace complaints at the NWDC in the past. For example, in 2014, DOSH handled a complaint related to the NWDC's improper disposal of contaminated sharps from used disposable razor blades, one of which hurt an employee; this unsafe practice, without the State's regulatory oversight and correction, could have resulted in the spread of infectious disease to GEO's employees and detainees, with much broader, and devastating, public health and safety ramifications.
- 9. In other words, if all businesses that contract with the federal government to provide immigration-related services were required to receive the same treatment under Washington law as the treatment received by the federal government, there would be *no* state health and safety regulation of those businesses, and the implications would be significant and damaging to the health and safety of Washingtonians. In addition to the Northwest Detention Center, I am aware, for example, that for-profit businesses provide ground and air transportation services, airplane cleaning services, and food and supplies sales to federal immigration officials.
- 10. A broader rule that all businesses that contract with the federal government must receive the same regulatory treatment as the federal government could have even more significant consequences. In Washington, I am aware that a myriad of for-profit businesses in

1	Washington (including The GEO Group) contract with the federal government and lease space
2	or land from the government, including logging companies, stores, and restaurants. If treated
3	the same as the federal government, all of these companies could be immune from our basic
4	workplace safety protections.
5	11. At minimum, a rule that affords The GEO Group immunity from generally
6	applicable state health and safety labor laws could result in additional claims by The GEO
7	Group and other federal contractors for immunity. This could result in additional
8	administrative and court costs to the state and the contractors in order to identify and apply the
9	contours of the new immunity rule.
10	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is
11	true and correct.
12	Dated this day of October 2019 in Tumwater, Washington.
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15	Lezlie A. Perrin
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 | I hereby certify that the foregoing document was electronically filed with the United 2 3 States District Court using the CM/ECF system. I certify that all participants in the case are registered CM/ECF users and that service will be accomplished by the appellate CM/ECF 4 5 system. 6 7 Dated this 4th day of October 2019 in Seattle, Washington. 8 s/ Caitilin Hall 9 CAITILIN HALL Legal Assistant 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

DECLARATION OF LEZLIE A. PERRIN IN SUPPORT OF STATE OF WASHINGTON'S RESPONSE TO THE COURT'S PROPOSED ORDER GRANTING SUMMARY JUDGMENT OF DISMISSAL ATTORNEY GENERAL OF WASHINGTON
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